





THE CURTAIN IESES

Behind the Beyond Act I

HE curtain rises, disclosing the ushers of the theatre still moving up and down the aisles. Cries of "Programme," "Programme," are heard. There is a buzz of brilliant conversation, illuminated with flashes of opera-glasses and the rattle of expensive jewellery.

Then suddenly, almost unexpectedly, in fact just as if done, so to speak, by machinery, the lights all over the theatre, except on the stage, are extinguished. Absolute silence falls. Here and there is heard the crackle of a shirt front. But there is no other sound.

In this expectant hush, a man in a check tweed suit walks on to the stage: only one man, one single man. Because if he had been accompanied by a chorus, that would

have been a burlesque; if four citizens in togas had been with him, that would have been Shakespeare; if two Russian soldiers had walked after him, that would have been melodrama. But this is none of these. This is a problem play. So he steps in alone, all alone, and with that absolute finish of step, that ability to walk as if—how can one express it—he were walking, that betrays the finished actor.

He has, in fact, barely had time to lay down his silk hat, when he is completely betrayed. You can see that he is a finished actor—finished about fifteen years ago. He lays the hat, hollow side up, on the silk hat table on the stage right centre, bearing north-northeast half a point west from the red mica fire on the stage which warms the theatre.

All this is done very, very quietly, very impressively. No one in the theatre has ever seen a mar lay a silk hat on a table before, and so there is a breathless hush. Then he takes off his gloves, one by one, not two or three at a time, and lays them in his hat. The expect-

ancy is almost painful. If he had thrown his gloves into the mica fire, it would have been a relief. But he doesn't.

The man on the stage picks up a pile of letters from the letter department of the hat table. There are a great many of these letters, because all his business correspondence as well as his private letters are sent here by the General Post Office. Getting his letters in this way at night, he is able to read them like lightning. Some of them he merely holds upside down for a fraction of a second.

Then at last he speaks. It has become absolutely necessary or he wouldn't do it.

"So—Sao Paolo risen two—hum—Rio Tinto down again—Moreby anxious, 'better sell for half a million sterling'—hum . . ."

Did you hear that? Half a million sterling and he takes it just as quietly as that. And it isn't really in the play either. Sac Paolo and Rio Tinto just come in to let you know the sort of man you're dealing with.

"Lady Gathorne-dinner-Thursday the

ninth—lunch with the Ambassador—Friday the tenth."

And, mind you, even this is just patter. The Ambassador doesn't come into the play either. He and Lady Gathorne are just put in to let the people in the cheaper seats know the kind of thing they're up against.

Then the man steps across the stage and presses a button. A bell rings. Even before it has finished ringing, nay, just before it begins to ring, a cardboard door swings aside and a valet enters. You can tell he is a valet because he is dressed in the usual home dress of a stage valet.

He says—

"Did you ring, Sir John?"

There is a rustle of programmes all over the house. You can hear a buzz of voices say, "He's Sir John Trevor.' They're all on to him.

When the valet says "Did you ring, Sir John?" he ought to answer, "No, I merely knocked the bell over to see how it would sound," but he misses it and doesn't say it.

- "Has her ladyship come home?"
- "Yes, Sir John."
- "Has anyone been here?"
- "Mr. Harding, Sir John."
- "Anyone else?"
- "No, Sir John."
- "Very good."

The valet bows and goes out of the cardboard door, and everybody in the theatre, or at least everybody in the seats worth over a dollar, knows that there's something strange in the relations of Lady Cicely Trevor and Mr. Harding. You notice—M1. Harding was there and no one else was there. That's enough in a problem play.

The double door at the back of the stage, used only by the principal characters, is opened and Lady Cicely Trevor enters. She is young and very beautiful, and wears a droopy hat and long slinky clothes which she drags across the stage. She throws down her feather hat and her crêpe de what-you-call-it boa on the boa stand.

Later on the valer comes in and gathers

them up. He is always gathering up things like this on the stage—hats and boas and walking-sticks thrown away by the actors. But nobody notices him; they are his perquisites.

Sir John says to Lady Cicely—

"Shall I'ring for tea?"

And Lady Cicely says-

"Thanks, no," in a weary tone.

This shows that they are the kind of people who can have tea at any time. All through a problem play it is understood that any of the characters may ring for tea and get it. Tea in a problem play is the same as whisky in a melodrama.

Then there ensues a dialogue to this effect. Sir John asks Lady Cicely if she has been out. He might almost have guessed it from her coming in in a hat and cloak, but Sir John is an English baronet.

Lady Cicely says, "Yes, the usual round," and distributes a few details about duchesses and princes, for the general good of the audience.

Then Lady Cicely says to Sir John-

"You are going out?"

"Yes, immediately."

"To the House, I suppose."

This is very impressive. It doesn't mean, as you might think, the Work House, or the White House, or the Station House, or the Bon Marché. It is the name given by people of Lady Cicely's class to the House of Commons.

"Yes. I am extremely sorry. I had hoped I might ask to go with you to the opera. I fear it is impossible. An important sitting—the Ministers will bring down the papers—the Kafoonistan business. The House will probably divide in Committee. Gatherson will ask a question. We must stop it at all costs. The fate of the party hangs on it."

Sir John 'has risen. His manner has changed. His look is altered. You can see him alter it. It is now that of a statesman. The technical details given above have gone to his head. He can't stop. He goes on.

"They will force a closure on the second

reading, go into Committee, come out of it again, re-divide, sub-divide, and force us to bring down the estimates."

While Sir John speaks, Lady Cicely's manner has been that of utter weariness. She has picked up the Times and thrown it aside; taken up a copy of Punch and let it fall with a thud to the floor; looked idly at a piece of music and decided, evidently, not to sing it.

Sir John runs out of technical terms and stops.

The dialogue has clearly brought out the following points:

Sir John is in the House of Commons.

Lady Cicely is not.

Sir John is twenty-five years older than Lady Cicely. He doesn't see—isn't he a fool, when everybody in the gallery can see it?—that his parliamentary work which absorbs him is meaningless to her, that her life is insufficient. That's it. Lady Cicely is being "statved." All that she has is money, position, clothes, and jewellery. These things

starve any woman. They cramp her. That's what makes problem plays.

Lady Cicely speaks, very quietly.

"Are you taking Mr. Harding with you!"
"Why?"

"Nothing. I thought perhaps I might ask him to take me to the opera. Puffi is to sing."

"Do, pray do. Take Harding with you by all means. Poor boy, do take him with you."

Sir John pauses. He looks at Lady Cicely for a moment. He goes on with a slight change in his voice:

"Do you know, Cicely, I've been rather troubled about Harding lately. There's something the matter with the boy, something wrong."

"Yes?"

"He seems abstracted, moody. I think, in fact I'm sure, that the boy is in love."

"Yes?"

Lady Cicely has turned slightly pale. The weariness is out of her manner.

"Trust the instinct of an old man, my dear. There's a woman in it. We old parliamentary

hands are very shrewd, you know, even in these things. Someone is playing the devil with Jack—with Harding."

Sir John is now putting on his gloves again and gathering up his parliamentary papers from the parliamentary paper stand on the left.

He cannot see the change in Lady Cicely's face. He is not meant to see it. But even the little girls in the tenth row of the gallery are right on to it

He goes on.

"Talk to Harding. Get it out of him. You women can do these things. Find out what the trouble is and let me know. I must help him." A pause. Sir John is speaking almost to himself—and the gallery. "I promised his mother when she sent him home, sent him to England, that I would."

Lady Cicely speaks.

"You knew Mr. Harding's mother very well?"

"Very well."

"That was long ago, wasn't it?"

- "Long ago."
- "Was she married then?"
- "No, not then."
- "Here in London?"
- "Yes, in London. I was only a barrister then, with my way to make, and she a famous beauty"—Sir John is speaking with a forced levity that doesn't deceive even the ushers—"she married Harding, of the Guards. They went to India. And there he spent her fortune—and broke her heart." Sir John sighs.
 - "You have seen her since?"
 - "Never."
 - "She has never written you?"
- "Only once. She sent her boy home and wrote to me for help. That was how I took him as my secretary."
- "And that was why he came to us in Italy two years ago; just after our marriage?"
 - "Yes, that was why."
 - "Does Mr. Harding know?"
 - "Know what?"
 - "That you-knew his mother."
 - Sir John shakes his head. "I have never

talked with him about his mother's early life."

The stage clock on the mantelpiece begins to strike. Sir John lets it strike up to four or five, and then says—

"There, eight o'clock, I must go or I shall be late at the House. Good-bye." He moves over to Lady Cicely and kisses her. There is softness in his manner—such a softness, that he forgets the bundle of parliamentary papers that he had laid down. Everybody can see that he has forgotten them. They were right there under his very eye.

Sir John goes out.

Lady Cicely stands looking fixedly at the fire. She speaks out loud to herself.

"How his voice changed—twenty-five years ago—so long as that—I wonder if Jack knows."

There is heard the ring of a bell off the stage.

The valet enters.

"Mr. Harding is downstairs, my lady."

"Show him up, Ransome."

A moment later Mr. Harding enters. He

is a narrow young man in a frock-coat. His face is weak. It has to be. Mr. Harding is meant to typify weakness.

Lady Cicely walks straight up to him. She puts her two hands on his shoulders and looks right into his face.

"MY DARLING," she says. Just like that. In capital letters. You can feel the thrill of it run through the orchestra chairs.

All the audience look at Mr. Harding, some with opera glasses, others with eyeglasses on sticks. They can see that he is just the sort of ineffectual young man that a starved woman in a problem play goes mad over.

Lady Cicely repeats "My darling" several times.

Mr. Harding says "Hush" and tries to disengage himself.

She won't let him. He offers to ring for tea. She won't have any. "Oh, Jack," she says, "I can't go on any longer. I can't. When first you loved me, I thought I could. But I can't. It throttles me here—this house, this life, everything——"

She has drawn him to a sofa and has sunk down in a wave at his feet.

"Do you remember, Jack, when first you came, in Italy, that night, at Amaifi, when we sat on the piazza of the palazzo?"

She is looking rapturously into his face.

Mr. Harding says that he does.

"And that day at Fiesole among the orange trees, and at Pisa and the Capello de Terisa and the Mona Lisa. Oh, Jack, take me away from all this; take me to the Riviera among the contadini, where we can stand together with my head on your shoulder just as we did in the Duomo at Milano, or on the piaggia at Verona. Take me to Corfu, to the Cappo Santo, to Civita Vecchia, to Para Noia, anywhere——"

Mr. Harding, smothered with her kisses, says, "My dearest, I will, I will."

Any man in the audience would do as much. They'd take her to Honolulu.

While she is speaking, Sir John's voice has been heard off the stage. "No thank you, Ransome, I'll get them myself, I know just where I left then.."

Sir John enters hurriedly, advances and picks up his papers on the table, turns—and stands—

He sees his wife's attitude and hears her say 'Riviera, Amalfi, Orangieri, contadini and Capello Santo."

It is enough.

He drops his parliamentary papers. They fall against the fire-irons with a crash. These in falling upset a small table with one leg. The ball of wool that is on it falls to the floor. The noise of this disturbs the lovers.

They turn.

All three look at one another.

For a moment they nake a movement as in to ring for tea. Then they stand petrified.

"You!" gasps Lady Cicely. She does this awfully well. Everybody says afterwards that it was just splendid when she said "you".

Sir John stands gazing in horror.

"Him! My God! He!"

Mr. Harding says nothing. He looks very weak.

Lady Cicely unpetrifies first.

She breaks out, o speaking through her nostrils.

"Yes, I love him, I love him. I'm not ashamed of it. What right have you to deny it me? You gave me nothing. You made me a chattel, a thing—"

You can feel the rustle of indignation through the house at this. To make a woman a thing is the crowning horror of a problem play.

"You starved me here. You throttled me."

Lady Cicely takes herself by the neck and
furottles herself a little to show how.

"You smothered me—I couldn't breathe. And now I'm going, do you hear, going away, to life, to love, behind the beyond!"

She gathers up Mr. Harding (practically) and carries him passionately away. He looks back weakly as he goes.

Sir John has sunk down upon a chair. His face is set.

"Jack," he mutters, "my God, Jack!"
As he sits there, the valet enters with a telegram on a tray.

"A telegram, Sir John"

Sir John, dazed and trying to collect him-self—

"What?"

"A telegram, sir—a cablegram."

Sir John takes it, opens it, and reads aloud-

"He is dead. My duty is ended. I am coming home—Margaret Harding."

"Margaret coming home. It only needed that—my God!"

As he says it, the curtain falls.

The lights flick up. There is a great burst of applause. The curtain rises and falls. Lady Cicely and Mr. Harding and Sir John all come out and bow charmingly. There is no trace of worry on their faces, and they hold one another's hands. Then the curtain falls and the orchestra breaks out into a wintergarden waltz. The boxes buzz with discussion. Some of the people think that Lady Cicely is right in claiming the right to realise herself; others think that before realising herself she should have developed herself;

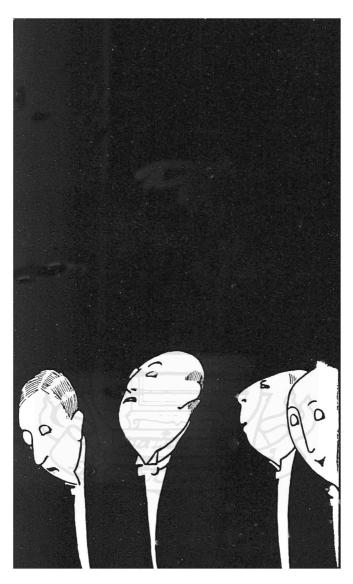
others ask indignantly how she could know herself if her husband refused to let her be herself. But everybody feels that the subject is a delicious one.

Those of the people who have seen the play before very kindly explain how it ends, so as to help the rest to enjoy it. But the more serious-minded of the men have risen, very gently, and are sneaking up the aisles. Their expression is stamped with deep thought as if pondering over the play. But their step is as that of leopards on the march, and no one is deceived as to their purpose.

The music continues.

The discussion goes on.

The leopards come stealing back. The orchestra boils over in a cadence and stops. The theatre is darkened again. The footlights come on with a flash. The curtain silently lifts, and it is—



THEIR EXPRESSION IS STAMPED WITH DEEP THOUGHT

Act II.—Six Months Later

HE programmes rustle. The people look to see where it is. And they find that it is "An Apartment in Paris." Notice that this place which is used in every problem play is just called An Apartment. It is not called Mr. Harding's Apartment, or An Apartment for which Mr. Harding pays the Rent. Not a bit. It is just An Apartment. Even if it were A Apartment it would feel easier. But An Apartment! The very words give the audience a delicious shiver of uncomfortableness.

When the curtain rises it discloses a French maid moving about the stage in four-dollar silk stockings. She is setting things on a little table, evidently for supper. She explains this in French as she does it, so as to make it clear.

"Bon! la serviette de monsieur! bon! la serviette de madame, bien—du champagne, bon! langouste aux champignons, bien, bon."

This is all the French she knows, poor little thing, but "langouste aux champignons" beats the audience, so she is all right.

Anyway, this supper scene has to come in. It is symbolical. You can't really show Amalfi and Fiesole and the orange trees, so this kind of supper takes their place.

As the maid moves about there is a loud knock at the cardboard door of the apartment. A man in official clothes sticks his head in. He is evidently a postal special messenger, because he is all in postal attire with a postal glazed hat.

- "Monsieur Arrding?" he says.
- "Oui."
- "Bon! Une lettre."
- "Merci, monsieur." He goes out. The audience feel a thrill of pride at having learned French and being able to follow the intense realism of this dialogue.

The maid lays the letter on the supper table.

Just as she does it the door opens and there enter Mr. Harding and Lady Cicely. Yes, them. Both of them. The audience catches it like a flash. They live here.

Lady Cicely throws aside her cloak. There is great gaiety in her manner. Her face is paler. There is a bright spot in each cheek. Her eyes are very bright.

There follows the well-known supper scene. Lady Cicely is very gay. She pours champagne into Mr. Harding's glass. They both

drink from it.

She asks him if he is a happy boy now. He says he is. She runs her fingers through his hair. He kisses her on the bare shoulder. This also is symbolic.

Lady Cicely rattles on about Amalfi and Fiesole. She asks Mr. Harding if he remembers that night in the olive trees at Santa Clara, with just one thrush singing in the night sky. He says he does. He remembers the very thrush. You can see from the talk

that they have been all over Baedeker's guide to the Adriatic.

At times Lady Cicely's animation breaks. She falls into a fit of coughing and presses her hand to her side. Mr. Harding looks at her apprehensively. She says it is nothing, silly boy, it will be gone in a moment. It is only because she is so happy.

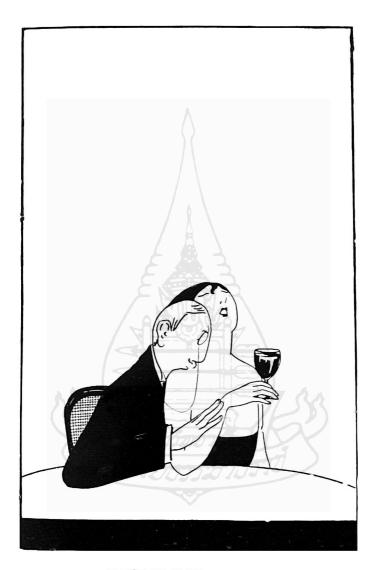
Then, quite suddenly, she breaks down and falls at Mr. Harding's knees.

"Oh, Jack, Jack, I can't stand it! I can't stand it any longer. It is choking me!"

"My darling, what is it?"

"This, all this, it is choking me—this apartment, these pictures, the French maid, all of it. I can't stand it. I'm being suffocated. Oh, Juck, take me away, take me somewhere where it is 'quiet, take me to Norway to the great solemn hills and the fjords——"

Then suddenly Mr. Harding sees the letter in its light blue envelope lying on the supper table. It has been lying right beside him for ten minutes. Everybody in the theatre could



HE KISSES HER ON THE BARE SHOULDER

see it and was getting uncomfortable about it. He clutches it and tears it open.

There is a hunted look in his face as he reads. Lady Cicely speaks.

"What is it?"

"My mother—good God, she is coming! She is at the 'Bristol' and is conling here. What can I do?"

Lady Cicely is quiet now.

"Does she know?"

"Nothing, nothing."

"How did she find you?"

"I don't know. I can't imagine. I knew when I saw in the papers that my father was dead that she would come home. But I kept back the address. I told the solicitors—curse them—to keep it secret."

Mr. Harding paces the stage, giving an imitation of a weak man trapped. He keeps muttering "What can I do?"

Lady Cicely speaks very firmly and proudly.

" Jack ?"

"What?"

"There is only one thing to do. Tell her."

Mr. Harding, aghast, "Tell her?"

"Yes, tell her about our love—about everything. I am not ashamed. Let her judge me."

Mr. Harding sinks into a chair. He keeps shivering and saying, "I tell you I can't—I can't. She wouldn't understand." The letter is fluttering in his hand. His face is contemptible. He does it splendidly,

Lady Cicely picks the letter from his hand. She reads it aloud, her eyes widening as she reads:

"Hotel Bristol, Paris.

" My DARLING BOY,

"I have found you at last. Why have you sought to avoid me? God grant there is nothing wrong. He is dead, the man I taught you to call your father, and I can tell you all now. I am coming to you this instant.

"MARGARET HARDING."

As Lady Cicely reads, her eyes widen and her voice chokes with horror.

She advances to him and grips his hand.

"What does it mean, Jack—tell me, what does it mean?"

"Good God, Cicely, don't speak like that !"

"This-these lines-about your father."

"I don't know what it means. I don't care, I hated him, the brute. I'm glad he's dead. I don't care for that. But she's coming here, any minute, and I can't face it."

Lady Cicely, more quietly-

"Jack, tell me, did my—did Sir John, Trevor ever talk to you about your father?"

"No. He never spok? of him."

"Did he know him?"

"Yes, I think so, long ago. But they were enemies—Trevor challenged him to a'duel, over some woman, and he wouldn't fight, the cur."

Lady Cicely, dazed and aghast-

"I-understand-it-now."

She recovers herself and speaks quickly.

"Listen. There is time yet. Go to the

hotel. Go at once. Tell your mother nothing. Nothing, you understand. Keep her from coming here. Anything, but not that. Ernestine"—she calls to the maid who reappears for a second—"a taxi, at once."

She hurriedly gets Harding's hat and coat. The stage is full of bustle. There is a great sense of hurry. The audience are in an agony for fear Ernestine is too slow, or calls a four-wheel cab by mistake. If the play is really well put on, you can presently hear the taxi buzzing outside. Mr. Harding goes to kiss Lady Cicely. She puts him from her in horror, and hastens him out.

She calls the maid.

"Ernestine, quick, put my things—anything, anto a valise."

- "Madame is going away!!!"
- "Yes, yes, at once."
- "Madame will not eat?"
- "No, no."
- "Madame will not first rest?" The slow comprehension of these French maids is something exasperating.

- "Madame will not await monsieur?"
- "Madame will not first eat, nor drink—no? Madame will not sleep?"
- "No, no—quick, Ernestine. Bring me what I want. Summon a figure. I shall be ready in a moment."

Lady Cicely passes through the Jide door into an inner room.

She is scarcely gone when Mrs. Harding enters. She is a woman about forty-five, still very beautiful. She is dressed in deep black.

The play is now moving very fast. You have to sit tight to follow it all.

She speaks to Ernestine.

- "Is this Mr. Harding's apartment?"
- "Yes, madame."
- "Is he here?" She looks about her.
- "No, madame, he is gone this moment in a taxi—to the Hôtel Bristol, I heard him say."

Mrs. Harding, faltering: "Is—anyone—here?"

"No, madame, no one. Milady was here a moment ago. She too has gone out." This

is a lie, but, of course, the maid is a French maid.

"Then it is true—there is someone—-"

She is just saying this when the bell rings, the door opens, and there enters Sir John Trevor.

"You" says Mrs. Harding.

"I am too late!" gasps Sir John.

She goes to him tremblingly. "After all these years," she says.

"It is a long time."

"You have not changed." She has taken his hands and is looking into his face, and she goes on speaking. "I have thought of you so often in all these bitter years—it sustained me even at the worst--and I knew, John, that it was for my sake that you had never married—"

Then, as she goes on talking, the audience realise with a thrill that Mrs. Harding does not know that Sir John married two years ago, that she has come home, as she thought, to the man who loved her; and more than that, they get another thrill when they realise that

Lady Cicely is learning it too. She has pushed the door half open, and is standing there unseen, listening. She wears a hat and cloak; there is a folded letter in her hand—her eyes are wide. Mrs. Harding continues:

"And now, John, I want your help—only you can help me; you are so strong—my Jack, I must save him."

She looks about the room. Something seems to overcome her.

"Oh, John, this place—his being here like this—it seems a judgment on us."

The audience are getting it fast now. And when Mrs. Harding speaks of "our awful moment of folly," "the retribution of our own sins" they grasp it and shiver with the luxury of it.

After that, when Mrs. Harding says, "Our wretched boy, we must save him," they all know why she says 'our.'

She goes on more calmly.

"I realised, I knew—he is not alone here." Sir John's voice is quiet, almost hollow.

"He is not alone."

"But this woman—can you not deal with her—persuade her—beg her for my sake bribe her to leave me my boy——"

Lady Cicely steps out.

"There is no bribe needed. I am going. If I have wronged him, and you, it shall be atoned."

Sir John has given no sign. He is standing stunned.

She turns to him.

"I have heard, and I know now. I cannot ask for pity. But when I am gone—when it is over—I want you to give him this letter, and I want you, you two, to—to be as if I had never lived."

She lays the letter in his hand. Then, without a sign, Lady Cicely passes out: There is a great stillness in the house Mrs. Harding has watched Lady Cicely and Sir John in amazement. Sir John has sunk into a chair-She breaks out—

"John, for God's sake, what does it mean?
—This woman—speak—there is something awful; I must know."

"Yes, you must now. It is fate. Margaret, you do not know all. Two years ago I married——"

"But this woman, this woman—"
"She is—she was—my wife."

And at this moment Harding breaks into the room.

"Cicely, Cicely, I was too late-"

He sees the others.

"Mother!" he says in agony. "And you—"

He looks about.

"Where is she? What is happening? I must know——"

Sir John, as if following a mechanical impulse, has handed Harding the letter. He tears it open and reads:

"Dearest I am going away, to die. It cannot be long now. The doctor told me to day. That was why I couldn't speak or explain it to you, and was so strange at supper. But I am glad now. Good-byc.

Harding turns upon Sir John with the snarl of a wolf.

"What have you done? Why have you driven her away? What right had you to her, you devil? I loved her; she was mine."

He had seized a pointed knife from the supper table. His shoulders are crouched—he is about to spring on Sir John.

Mrs. Harding has thrown herself between them.

- "Jack, Jack, you mustn't strike!"
- "Out of the way, I say, I'll-"
- "Jack, Jack, you mustn't strike. Can't you understand—don't you see what it is——"
- "What do you mean? Stand back from me!"
 - "Jack, he—is—your—father!"

The knife clatters to the floor. "My God!"

And then the curtain falls, and there's a burst of applause, and, in accordance with all the best tradicions of the stage, one moment

later, Lady Cicely and Mr. Harding and Sir John and Mrs. Harding are all bowing and smiling like anything, and even the little French maid sneaks on in a corner of the stage and simpers.

Then the orchestra plays and the leopards sneak out and the people in the boxes are all talking gaily to show that they're not the least affected. And everybody is wondering how it will come out, or rather how it can possibly come out at all, because some of them explain that it's all wrong, and just as they are making it clear that there shouldn't be any third act, the curtain goes up, and it's—

Act III.—Three Months Later

in Mrs. Harding's house in London. Mrs. Harding is sitting at a table. She is sorting out parcels.

There is a great air of quiet about the scene. The third act of a problem play always has to be very quiet. It is like a punctured football with the wind going out of it. The play has to just poof itself out noiselessly.

For instance, this is the way it is done.

Does Mrs. Harding start to talk about Lady Cicely and Jack in Paris? Not a bit. She is simply looking over the parcels and writing names and talking to herself so that the audience can get the names.

"For the Orphans' Home—poor little things. For the Foundlings' Protection Society. For the Lost Infants' Preventa-

tive League"—a deep sigh—"poor, poor children."

Now what is all this about? What has this to do with the play? Why, don't you see that it is the symbol of philanthropy, of gentleness, of melancholy adness? The storm is over, and there is nothing in Mrs. Harding's heart but pity.

Don't you see that she is dressed in deeper black than ever; and do you notice that look on her face—that third-act air—that resignation?

Don't you see that the play is really all over? They're just letting the wind out of it.

A man announces—"Sir John Trevor."
Sir John steps in

Mrs. Harding goes to meet him with both hands out.

"My dear, dear friend," she says in rich, sad tones.

Sir John is all in black. He is much aged, but very firm and very quiet. You can feel that he's been spending the morning with the Committee of the Homeless Newsboys League

or among the Directorate of the Lost Waifs' Encouragement Association.

In fact, he begins to talk of these things at once.

The people who are not used to third acts are wondering what it is all about.

The real playgoers know that this is atmosphere.

Then presently-

"Tea?" says Mrs. Harding. "Shall I ring?"

"Pray do," says Sir John.

He seats himself with great weariness. The full melancholy of the third act is on him.

The tea which has been made for three acts is brought in.

They drink it, and it begins to go to their heads.

The "atmosphere" clears off just a little.

"You have news, I know," says Mrs. Harding. "You have seen him?"

"I have seen him,"

"And he is gone?"

"Yes, he has sailed," says Bir John. "He

went on board last night only a few hours after my return to London. I saw him off. Poor Jack! Gatherson has been most kind. They will take him into the embassy at Lima. There, please God, he can begin life again. The Peruvian Ambassador has promised to do all in his power."

Sir John sighs deeply and is silent. This is to let the fact soak into the audience that Jack has gone to Peru. Any reasonable person would have known it. Where else could he go to?

"He will do well in Peru," says Mrs. Harding. She is imitating a woman being very brave.

"Yes, I trust so," says Sir John,

There is silence again.

In fact, the whole third act is diluted with thirty per cent of silence.

Presently Mrs. Harding speaks again in a low tone.

"You have other news, I know."

"I have other news."

"Of her?"

"Yes. I have been to Switzerland. I have seen the curé—a good man. He has told me all there is to tell. I found him at the hospice, busy with his auvre de bienfaisance. He led me to her grave."

Sir John is bowed in deep silence.

Lady Cicely dead! Everybody in the theatre gasps.

Dead! But what an unfair way to kill her! To face an open death on the stage in fair hand-to-hand acting is one thing, but this new system of dragging off the characters to Switzerland between the acts and then returning and saying that they are dead is quite another.

Presently Mrs. Harding speaks, very softly.

"And you? You will take up your work here again?"

"No, I am going away."

"Going?"

"Yes, far away. I am going to Kafoonistan."

Mrs. Harding looks at him in pain.

"To Kafooristan?"

"Yes, to Kafoonistan. There is work there for me to do."

There is silence again. Then Sir John speaks.

"And you? You will settle down here in London?"

"No. I am going away."

"Going away?"

"Yes, back to Balla Walla. I want to be alone. I want to forget. i want to think. I want to try to realise."

"You are going alone?"

"Yes, quite alone. But I shall not feel alone when I get there. The Maharanee will receive me with open arm s. And my life will be useful there. The women need me—I will teach them to read, to sew, to sing."

"Mrs. Harding—Margaret—you must not do this. You have sacrificed your life enough—you have the right to live——"

There is emotion in Sir John's tone. It is very rough on him to find his plan of going

to Kafoonistan has been outdone by Mrs. Harding going to Balla Walla.

She shakes her head.

"No, no, my life is of no account now. But you, John, you are needed here—the country needs you. Men look to you to lead them."

Mrs. Harding would particularise if she could, but she can't just for the minute remember what it is Sir John can lead them to.

Sir John shakes his head.

"No, no; my work lies there in Kafoonistan. There is a man's work to be done there. The tribes are ignorant, uncivilised."

This dialogue goes on for some time. Mrs. Harding keeps shaking her head and saying that Sir John must not go to Kafoonistan, and Sir John says she must not go to Balla Walla. He protests that he wants to work, and she claims that she wants to try to think clearly.

But it is all a bluff.

They are not going. Neither of them. And everybody knows it. Presently Mrs. Harding says—

- "You will think of me sometimes?"
- "I shall never forget you."
- "I'm glad of that."
- "Wherever I am, I shall think of you: out there in the deserts, or at night, alone there among the great silent hills with only the stars overhead, I shall think of you. Your face will guide me wherever I am."

He has taken her hand.

- "Ard you," he says, "you will think of me sometimes in Balla Walla?"
- "Yes, always. All day while I am with the Maharanee and her women, and at night—the great silent Indian night—when all the palace is asleep, and there is heard nothing but the sounds of the jungle, the cry of the hyena and the bray of the laughing jackass, I shall seem to hear your voice."

She is much moved. She rises, clenches her hands, and then adds—

"I have heard it so for five-and-twenty years."

He has moved to her.

" Margaret!"

"John!"

"I cannot let you go—your life lies here—with me—next my heart—I want your help, your love, here inside the beyond."

And as he speaks and takes her in his arms, the curtain sinks upon them, rises, falls, rises and then sinks again, asbestos and all, and the play is over. The lights are on, the audience rises in a body and puts on its wraps. All over the theatre you can hear the words "Perfectly rotten," "Utterly untrue," and so on.

The general judgment seems to be that it is a perfectly rotten play, but very strong.

They are saying this as they surge out in great waves of furs and silks, with black crush hats and floating billows of white wraps among the foam of gossamer scarfs.

Through it all is the squawk of the motor horn, the call of the taxi numbers, and the inrush of the fresh night air.

But just inside the theatre, in the office, is a man in a circus waistcoat adding up dollars with a blue pencil, and he knows that the play is all right.



HE TAKES HER IN HIS JARMS